

The Bulletin's Circulation in Norwich is Double That of Any Other Paper, and Its Total Circulation is the Largest in Connecticut in Proportion to the City's Population

GERMANS ARE BELIEVED STILL HUNTING A LIEGE

Upwards of 100,000 Men Engaged—Both Sides Believed to Have Lost Heavily**BRITISH AND GERMAN FLEET IN BATTLE AT SEA****More than 120 Lives Lost When British Cruiser Amphion Was Sunk by Contact With Mine—Hull, Eng., Hospital Ordered to Prepare to Receive 260 Injured in North Sea Engagement—Russian Cavalry Driven Back by German Frontier Guards—Entire Battalion of German Infantry Blown Up by Mine at Liege—1,200 Wounded Germans Picked Up—German Army Renews Attack on Liege With Redoubled Ardor—Battle Still in Progress.**

Cut off London comes the report that the British fleet in battle on the high seas. The British admiral refuses information as to whether a naval engagement is in progress, but the British warships which put out several days ago, have been searching for the Germans in the North Sea.

The British cruiser Amphion has been sunk by contact with a mine with the loss of most of her crew.

Emperor William of Germany, in an order to the army, has ordered that all German soldiers capable of bearing arms, to fight for the fatherland.

In Belgium, German and Belgian are fighting around Liege, where upwards of 100,000 men are engaged.

According to official reports from Brussels, the two day fighting has cost the Germans thousands of men. The Belgians also have suffered heavily. As yet there have been no reports from German sources as to the outcome of the German attack.

Austria-Hungary has declared war on Russia and the Russian ambassador at Vienna has been given his passports.

The British prime minister in a house of commons asked for an additional war appropriation of \$500,000,000 and an army increased of 500,000 men, both of which requests were granted. At the same time the government declared that it would continue to fight for a month, with certain exceptions.

Russian cavalry, endeavoring to enter East Prussia, have been driven back by the German frontier guards.

Ten-Ten dispatch says the Russian cruiser Askold and the German cruiser Emden in an engagement off the coast of the Baltic.

GERMAN INFANTRY BATTALION BLOWN UP BY MINE

But German Troops Are Pounding Away at Liege With Redoubled Ardor—1,200 Wounded Germans Picked Up on Battlefield.

Brussels, Aug. 6.—1.30 p. m. via Paris.—After having suffered a serious check and heavy casualties at the hands of the Belgians, the German army yesterday returned to the fray with redoubled ardor and tonight were pounding away at the forts with siege and field guns and rifles.

In the fighting of Wednesday the estimates of the German casualties run as high as 8,000 men. The invaders also are said to have lost a large number of guns and other equipment.

The German infantry division, supported by cavalry, marched on to mined ground. The Belgians then detonated the mines and an entire battalion of the Germans was killed. Wounded Germans to the number of 1,200 were picked up on the battlefield.

It is estimated that in the fighting 40,000 Germans were faced by 25,000 Belgians.

In the attack on Fort Parnon, northeast of the city, the Belgians permitted the Germans to draw up almost to the walls of the fortress. Then they turned loose their guns, and the slaughter is reported to have been appalling.

Under the hot fire here and from the other forts the Germans were forced to retire all along the front.

A detachment of Uhlans penetrated the German lines and captured several officers. They had actually reached the building where the officials had quarters when they were surprised and all of them killed.

Germans Capture Two Forts.

The shells of the Germans today breached the walls of two of the forts. From the other forts, however, the Belgians poured a deadly rain of shot and shell in to the ranks of the advancing Germans.

Despite the heroic resistance of the Belgians, it was felt in Brussels tonight that the invaders, by reason of their greater strength, could not much longer be denied, and that ultimately they must gain the city of Liege, whence they are expected to press onward to Namur in their effort to cross Belgium to the French frontier.

At Namur, which is strongly fortified, it is expected that the German army will encounter the fiercest resistance since the attack on Liege.

At about noon yesterday the German infantry attempted to carry by assault Fort Parnon to the northeast of Liege.

The attacking infantry crept up under the cover of a heavy artillery fire, but the Belgian defenders reserved their fire until the Germans had come to close quarters, when at a given signal the Belgians opened with a perfect storm of bullets from rifles and machine which worked havoc among the German attackers.

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Cabled Paragraphs

London Police Take Gold From Dutch Bank.

London, Aug. 6.—The police today visited the London branch of the Deutsche bank and removed all the gold from the vaults.

Former French Minister Voltaire.

Paris, Aug. 6.—Alexandre Miller and former French minister of war, volunteered today to serve as a lieutenant in the ranks of the French army.

Allan Liner Struck by Shot.

Liverpool, Aug. 6.—The Allan liner, Mongolian, on arriving here from Glasgow today was struck by a gunshot from the River Mersey, the shell went through her bows.

New York Banks Empty Vaults of Metal.

For the Cruiser Tennessee to Carry to Europe to Aid Americans.

New York, Aug. 6.—All day long the vaults of the sub-treasury and banks have been empty of metal.

The Tennessee, a second ship of the United States government, is being sent to Europe to aid Americans.

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Mrs. Woodrow Wilson is Dead

END CAME AFTER BRAVE STRUGGLE OF MONTHS.

PRESIDENT UNNERVED

By the Shock—His Grief Was Heart-rending—Beloved and Cultured Woman Succumbed to Bright's Disease With Complications.

Washington, Aug. 6.—Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, wife of the President of the United States, died at the White House at five o'clock this afternoon.

Death came after a brave struggle of months against Bright's disease and its complications.

The president was completely unnerved by the shock of her death.

He bore up well under the strain, however, and devoted himself to his duties.

End Came While Mr. Wilson was unconscious.

The end came while Mrs. Wilson was unconscious.

Her illness took its toll for the worse shortly before 1 o'clock in the afternoon and from then on she grew gradually weaker.

President Kneelt at Bedside.

Kneeling at the bedside at the end were the president and their three daughters, Dr. Cary T. Grayson, U. S. N., and nurse were in the room and just outside the door were Secretary McAdoo, and Francis S. Sayre, Mr. Wilson's sons-in-law and Mr. Tumulty, his secretary.

Congress Adjourned.

Both houses of congress adjourned when Mrs. Wilson's death was announced and for a brief time the wheels of the government practically stopped, while every one paid respect to the loss of the president.

The death of Mrs. Wilson came at 10 o'clock this morning, when Dr. E. P. Davis of Philadelphia, who had been attending her, died.

He took the president into the room of the White House and there, in a broken voice, told him the truth.

Mr. Wilson's face blanched, but he bore the shock well. He was informed that the end was only a question of hours.

Mr. Wilson then took his daughters, Mrs. McAdoo, Mrs. Sayre, and Mrs. Tumulty, and told them of their mother's condition. Unhappily they had thought there was a chance for her recovery.

Smiled Till She Became Unconscious.

From that time on the president and his daughters remained constantly at her bedside.

She held her hand, and the three daughters were grouped nearby. Unhappily she never spoke again.

Solicitous For Her Husband.

During the day Mrs. Wilson spoke to her three daughters, but she never spoke to her husband.

She was very solicitous for her husband, and she never spoke to him.

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Condensed Telegrams

The Railway Pay bill was debated in the House.

Minerals worth \$41,704,000 were produced in New York State last year.

Governor and Mrs. Glynn left Albany for a 14-days' stay in the Adirondacks.

The Hyde Park Bank of Chicago was ordered closed. Deposits total \$150,000.

A resolution of sympathy for President Wilson in his wife's illness was passed by the House.

Fire believed to be incendiary caused \$10,000 damage to a five-story tenement in New York.

Five persons were injured when a Staten Island trolley car jumped the tracks near Midland Beach.

The Belgian Government has removed the export duty on peanuts, palm oil, palm nuts, sesame seed and coffee.

Fire destroyed Hildrup's livery stable and several other buildings at Fredericksburg, Va., causing a loss of \$75,000.

Freight traffic through the Soo canal for July decreased more than 3,000,000 tons from the same month last year.

President Wilson nominated Representative Andrew J. Peters of Boston to be assistant secretary of the Treasury.

After cutting the arteries in both wrists, Theodore Hubner, of Buffalo, 40 years old hung himself with a noose.

Petitions poured in the Senate for the passage of the bill to remove restrictions against ships seeking American registry.

Andrew Carnegie, the world's most distinguished advocate of peace, approves of England's course in the present crisis.

The death rate of New York for the first 31 weeks of 1914 is 1.14 per 1,000, lower than for the corresponding period of 1913.

Maurice J. Sandoz, 30 years old, a druggist of New York, was sentenced to one year in prison on a charge of selling heroin.

Eighteen women received notice of their appointment as delegates to the New York State Constitutional Convention this fall.

The yacht of Frank P. Dudgeon, of Whitehouse, L. I., moored in Great Neck Bay, was stolen by river pirates. The boat is valued at \$2,500.

The Senate confirmed Prof. Garrett Duggan, of Williams College as Minister to Greece to succeed George Frederick Williams, resigned.

The New York State Civil Service Commission postponed all examinations until after October 1 because of the lack of an appropriation.

Returns from Missouri show that Senator William H. McDaniel has been renominated on the Democratic ticket by an overwhelming majority.

William L. Hunting, delegate to the Democratic National Convention of 1900 and former representative of East Hartford, died today aged 73.

Four persons were seriously injured when an automobile owned and driven by P. W. Raymond of Bloomfield went into a ditch at Bellefield, N. J.

The American training ship Newport at Newport, R. I., was damaged by a fire at home at once by way of Funchal, Madeira, and thence to Newport, R. I.

Louis Metany, 25 of Danbury, who shot himself in the abdomen died in the hospital yesterday. Metany stated that he was wounded while being long in the memory of the many who knew him.

Governor Fielder approved the selection of former City Clerk James F. Connolly of Newark to be Superintendent of the Soldiers' Home at Kearny.

Incomplete returns from the Oklahoma primaries show that United States Senator Thomas P. Gore is leading Samuel W. Hayes for renomination.

Mrs. Fred Brown, wife of a farmer near Danbury, was killed by injuries received in a quarrel with her husband. She was struck on the head with a baton.

Mrs. Ida Harris, who recently arrived in New York from New Haven, was killed by injuries received in a quarrel with her husband. She was struck on the head with a baton.

MAURETANIA IN PORT AT HALIFAX

After Her Fastest and Most Dramatic Voyage Across the Atlantic

LAST 140 MILES WITHOUT LIGHT SHOWING

Had Passenger List of 2,400—Wireless Message from British Cruiser Essex Had Warned Her of Proximity of Enemy's Ships—Searchlights of German Cruiser Were Visible at Times—White Star Liner Cedric Was Conveyed to Halifax by the Essex—The Latter Anchored There.

pool at 4:45 p. m. on August 1 amid the utmost excitement. Many would-be passengers were left behind on the pier. From the moment the big liner left British shores the officers were on the alert and Halifax was held in mind as an alternative port if continuing the voyage was impossible.

In the midst of thick fog while en route to Halifax, a wireless message from the Essex conveyed urgent warning to make under full speed for Halifax. At that time the Cunarder was 380 miles from New York and 140 from this port.

German Cruiser Looking for Her.

Somewhere lurking in the darkness and fog was a German cruiser, but watching guard over the lanes of travel along which commerce was speeding were British warships warning the liners by wireless when danger lurked for them.

Record by Days.

Full steam was kept up during the whole voyage, as shown by the Mauretania's daily runs from noon to noon of each day. To noon Sunday she ran 1,000 miles, Monday 1,000, Tuesday 1,000, Wednesday 1,000 and then sped the 500 miles to Halifax, a total of 2,500 miles.

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ONLY CENSORED MESSAGES

SENT BY WIRELESS

From Powerful Station on Hickory Island, Near Tucker, N. J.

New York, Aug. 6.—Only messages which have been censored by the United States government may be sent hereafter from the powerful wireless station on Hickory Island, near Tucker, N. J.

An American naval officer, Lieutenant C. B. Platt, arrived at the Tucker station today to place in construction that the United States had violated the neutrality laws.

Lieutenant Platt's coming was the first step in the decision of the Washington government last night to have federal officials stationed at all radio plants from which messages of a possible unneutral character might be sent or received.

CPHemoreon, P. L. HICKORY ISLAND.

Russian Vessel Captured.

Tokio, Aug. 7, 2:35 a. m.—It is reported that German warships have captured a vessel belonging to the Russian volunteer fleet. A steamer which arrived at Shimoda today reports having been captured by a man torpedo boat destroyer. The captain said that when he hoisted his colors the German war vessel disappeared.

Call for Swiss in United States.

New York, Aug. 6.—The Swiss consulate in this city today received a call to 15,000 Swiss in the United States to report here for embarkation to join the Swiss army in the mobilizing to enforce her neutrality.

German Trawler Capt